

Overview

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is expected to finalize the reconsideration process for its Clean Air Act pollution standards **National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters** (known as Boiler Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT)), in Spring 2012. This rule applies to large and small boilers in a wide range of industrial facilities and institutions. The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) will offer technical assistance to ensure that major sources burning coal or oil have information on cost-effective clean energy strategies for compliance, including combined heat and power, and to promote cleaner, more efficient boilers to cut harmful pollution and reduce operational costs.

Background on Standards for Boilers and Process Heaters

On December 2, 2011, EPA released proposed amendments to previously released rules on **Emissions Standards for Boilers and Process Heaters and Commercial/Industrial Solid Waste Incinerators**. EPA initially issued final rules for these units in March 2011, setting standards to cut emissions of hazardous air pollutants, such as mercury, dioxin, and lead. At the same time, EPA also announced its intent to reconsider those standards under a Clean Air Act process that allows additional public review and comment, and ensures full transparency in its rulemaking.

Through the reconsideration process, EPA addressed additional technical issues that arose from earlier public comment and provided the public additional opportunity to comment on measures in the final rules that were not in the original proposed rules. The reconsideration proposals include a

number of proposed amendments and technical corrections to these final rules. EPA is expected to conclude the reconsideration process in Spring 2012. EPA has proposed that companies will have 3 years from issuance of the final reconsideration rule to implement the new requirements.

Expected Impact on Facilities and Institutions

EPA estimates that less than 1 percent of the 1.5 million boilers in the United States would need to meet emissions limits under the reconsidered rules. EPA estimates that about 187,000 are covered by the **Area Source Boiler Rule** (40 CFR part 63 subpart JJJJJ) and are located at small sources of air pollutants, such as hotels, hospitals, and commercial buildings. Of these, 98 percent would need to follow work practice standards, including annual tune-ups, and the remaining 2 percent (about 3,700 boilers) would be required to meet specific emissions limits.

EPA also estimates that approximately 14,000 boilers would be covered by the **Major Source Boiler MACT Rule** (40 CFR part 63 subpart DDDDD) and are located at large sources of air pollutants, such as refineries, chemical plants, and some institutional facilities, such as universities. EPA estimates that of these major source boilers, 88 percent would

need to follow work practice standards, including annual tune-ups, and 12 percent (about 1,750 boilers) primarily fired by coal, oil and biomass, would be required to meet specific emissions limits. These boilers using coal or oil may consider switching to natural gas as a compliance strategy and may consider natural gas combined heat and power.

Resources

“Financial Incentives Available for Facilities that are Affected by the U.S. EPA ‘National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters: Proposed Rule’” written by ICF International for U.S. DOE: eere.energy.gov/manufacturing/states/pdfs/incentives_boiler_mact.pdf

For DOE Boiler MACT Technical Assistance: eere.energy.gov/manufacturing/distributedenergy/boilermact.html

U.S. EPA Emissions Standards for Boilers and Process Heaters and Commercial/Industrial Solid Waste Incinerators: epa.gov/airquality/combustion/



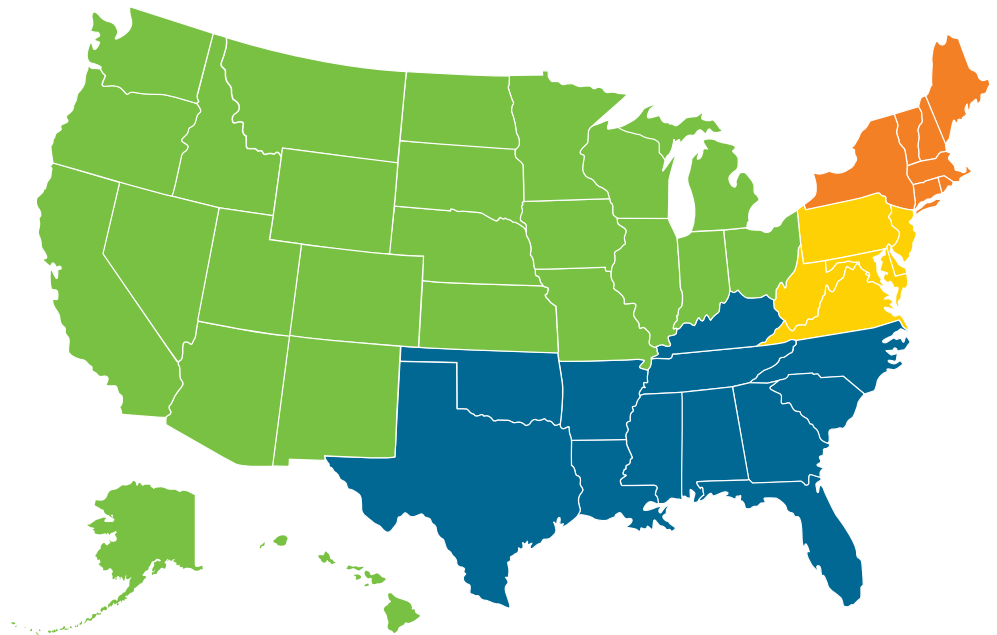
Assistance for Major Source Industrial Boilers and Process Heaters

DOE will provide major sources burning coal or oil with information on cost-effective clean energy strategies for compliance. DOE currently provides technical information on clean energy options to industry through its regional Clean Energy Application Centers. After the EPA reconsideration process is concluded, DOE will supplement this effort by providing site-specific technical and cost information to the major source facilities currently burning coal or oil. DOE will visit these facilities using coal and oil to discuss strategies for compliance, including combined heat and power, as well as provide information on potential funding and financing opportunities.

These clean energy strategies can be considered along with investments in pollution controls to comply with the standards in the rule. Facilities that make use of this technical assistance can potentially develop strategies to comply with the regulations while adding to their bottom line. One strategy is natural gas combined heat and power, which is cleaner, more energy efficient, and can have a positive economic return for the plant over time.

In addition, there are boiler tune-up and energy assessment requirements in the Boiler MACT rule for certain types of sources. The boiler tune-up requirement can save facilities energy-related costs and the energy assessment requirement will identify additional energy and cost savings. DOE will provide information on financial incentives available at the local, state, utility and federal levels to assist facilities with the costs of boiler tune-ups and/or energy assessments.

Clean Energy Application Center Contacts for Boiler MACT Technical Assistance



John Cuttica
Midwest, Intermountain,
Northwest, and Pacific Regions
cuttica@uic.edu
312-996-4382

Jim Freihaut
Mid-Atlantic Region
jdf11@psu.edu
814-863-0083

Beka Kosanovic
Northeast Region
kosanovi@ecs.umass.edu
413-545-0684

Isaac Panzarella
Southeast and Gulf Coast Regions
ipanzarella@southeastcleanenergy.org
919-515-0354

Additional Resources

- U.S. DOE Clean Energy Application Centers:
eere.energy.gov/manufacturing/distributedenergy/ceacs.html
- Read more about improving boiler and steam system efficiency on the Advanced Manufacturing Office website:
eere.energy.gov/manufacturing/tech_deployment/steam.html
- For other information about DOE Boiler MACT Technical Assistance, contact Katrina Pielli, U.S. DOE, katrina.pielli@ee.doe.gov

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